

LABOR VOTES DOWN ONE BIG UNION IDEA

Not Even a Fight Over Scheme
in Convention of the
A. F. of L.

COURTS AGAIN ATTACKED

Executive Council Says Anti-
Trust Act Was Not Meant
to Include Unions.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
CINCINNATI, June 15.—The executive council of the American Federation of Labor today denounced the Supreme Court decision in the Coronado case and criticized the attitude of the court in disregarding the Clayton act as exempting labor from prosecution under the Sherman anti-trust act. The Sherman act, in the opinion of the council, was never intended to apply to labor unions. The text of the report of the council was not made public. It is planned to present it to the convention to-morrow morning.

The convention session to-day was brief, but there was some important action, including rejection of the one big union, E. H. Fitzgerald, president of the Amalgamated Railway Clerks and Freight Handlers of America, had introduced a resolution providing for the amalgamation of the unions in each industry to form one big union representing the industry. A fight had been expected on this, but did not materialize.

The federation recommended to all international unions that they change their constitutions to permit the transfer of members without additional payment of initiation fees. The convention condemned the violation of wage contracts and charged that employers in many instances had broken and canceled working agreements without provocation.

Acting on authority granted him by the federation yesterday Samuel Gompers named the following committee to formulate a policy with regard to the Supreme Court decisions in the Coronado case and on child labor: Bert M. Jewell, president of the railway employees department; James Duncan, international president of the granite cutters; William Green, general secretary and treasurer of the United Mine Workers; Matthew Woll, vice-president of the federation; George W. Perkins, international president of the glass makers; John P. Frey, editor of the *Workers Journal*; W. D. Mahon, president of the street railway men; Frank Duffy, president of the carpenters and joiners; John A. Voll, president of the Glass Bottle Blowers; and P. Wilson, president of the pattern makers; Benjamin Schlessinger, New York, president of the United Garment Workers; T. P. Flaherty, president of the Letter Carriers; William P. Clark, president of the Flint Glass Workers; George Berry, president of the pressmen; P. V. McCullough, delegate to the Omaha Typographical Union and editor of the *Omaha Star*.

In a speech to the convention James O'Connell of Washington said it was time that organized labor arose to strike the members of Congress who had opposed its will. "These men must be ousted from their seats," Mr. O'Connell said, "and others, more enlightened, must be sent in their stead."

Frank Morrison, secretary of the Federation, after pledging allegiance to the La Follette proposal for a Congressional veto on decisions of the Supreme Court, attacked a Cincinnati newspaper which had condemned Senator La Follette's proposal.

CHIEF JUSTICE TAFT WON'T WEAR BREECHES

Evening Dress His Garb When
Presented to King George.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
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New York Herald Bureau, London, June 15.—Will Chief Justice Taft follow the example of Ambassador Harvey and wear the regulation court attire, with knee breeches, when he is presented to King George? That is a question Americans in London are asking not without some amusement, especially those who, familiar with Chief Justice Taft's build, have been mentally comparing his sturdy legs with those of the tall and angular Ambassador.

It is understood at the Embassy that the Chief Justice will not depart from the ordinary evening dress. All the Embassy officials have followed Ambassador Harvey's example, but it is explained that Chief Justice Taft's position is somewhat different. He doesn't have to wear silk breeches even if he does wear a silk gown when on the bench.

FOCH FOR CHEMICAL SERVICE IN ARMY

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
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New York Herald Bureau, London, June 15.—

Marshal Foch is in favor of France organizing a chemical warfare service such as that in the United States, believing that chemical warfare must enter into the provisions and preparations for the future if France is not to suffer dangerous surprises.

Rarely has Marshal Foch permitted himself to be drawn into making any public statement as to war methods, but the book "The Enigma of the Rhine," by Major Victor Le Febvre, which is appearing to-morrow, contains a preface by the allied commander in chief, the Marshal, considering that Major Le Febvre has given "the exact idea as to the possibilities to be found to-day in Germany which menace France with new dangers. His book therefore constitutes a warning for any one mindful of the fate of his country."

The Major's book is also praised in a second preface by Field Marshal Sir Henry Wilson. Marshal Foch in his preface characteristically recalls his wartime friendship for the British commander by adding: "In sounding the alarm in our two countries I find myself in company with a faithful friend, Field Marshal Sir Henry Wilson. It is an old habit contracted in common for many years which we continue to-day in order to assure once more in the future the world's peace."

LAST FIRE HORSE GOES SOON.

Twenty New Motor Engines to Be
Installed in Autumn.

When the twenty electrically driven pumping engines, for which contracts were let by Fire Commissioner Brennan yesterday, are delivered in the late autumn it will mean the retirement of the last horse in the department, according to the Commissioner.

The engines will cost the city \$198,360. Each will be equipped with an acetylene chawing device, which will open up a green hydrant in twenty-nine seconds.

Northcliffe Unable to Continue Articles

LONDON, June 15.—Viscount Northcliffe is at present ill in Switzerland and the *Times* will announce to-morrow that owing to his condition he has been advised to take a complete rest.

It will also be announced that publication of his series of articles on conditions in Germany will be suspended.

NORTHCLIFFE SUE BY OWN DIRECTORS

Charged With Libel in 'Daily
Mail' Discussion of Print-
ers' Wages.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
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New York Herald Bureau, London, June 15.—

Writs for libel against Lord Northcliffe have been issued by Walter G. Fish, director, and Sir Andrew Caird, vice-chairman of the Associated Newspapers, Ltd., owned by him. They were issued Monday and announced to-day, causing a sensation in Fleet street. Both men are continuing their duties with the Associated Newspapers, which include the *Daily Mail*.

Fish, with other newspaper representatives, had been engaged in negotiations with the Newspaper Proprietors' Association for the reduction of printers' wages. When Lord Northcliffe returned from his world tour he abruptly terminated the negotiations and then withdrew from the proprietors' association, of which he had been one of the leading lights. Lord Northcliffe wrote an article in the *Daily Mail*, which newspaper had been discussing the negotiations (for reducing printers' wages) with the representative of another newspaper owner. The latter protested against Lord Northcliffe's attitude, saying that Northcliffe was a member of the Newspaper Proprietors' Association and that one of his representatives had joined with the others in the wage reduction movement.

Lord Northcliffe wrote: "I said that he (the mysterious Mr. Fish referred to) might have troubled to send me a wireless before he took a step involving the welfare and home comforts of hundreds of families. He is young, and so he has not traveled much as yet."

Caird is one of the most important directors of the Associated Newspapers, and is chiefly concerned in the business of labor matters. Recently the *Mail* and the *Times* have been running advertisements criticizing the proprietors of the rival concerns, but these were run to-day. Lord Northcliffe is ill in Switzerland, where he will remain for several weeks.

Andrew Caird has been connected with the *Daily Mail* almost since it was founded by Alfred Harmsworth, twenty-five years ago.

A. T. DUBIN INDICTED.

Watson of Georgia Had Said
Daughter 'Framed' Check Charge.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Andrew T. Durbin, son of William Durbin, chairman of the Ohio State Democratic Committee, was indicted to-day by a District of Columbia Grand Jury on charges of having obtained money under false pretenses by passing worthless checks.

Durbin has been in jail here since his arrest last week ago. When arrested he had just left the office of Senator Watson of Georgia, who later in the Senate accused the Department of Justice of endeavoring to "frame" the young man because he had furnished information to a Senator about acts of the Attorney-General.

Stern Brothers

West Forty-Second Street • and • West Forty-Third Street.

Offering Special Values in MEN'S

Bathing Suits

A complete assortment of one and two-piece bathing suits at exceptionally attractive prices.

Men's One-Piece Coast Bathing Suits

\$3.25 3.90 4.50 to 6.50

Men's Two-piece Bathing Suits

\$3.90 4.50 5.50 to 10.50

White Worsted Shirts . . each, \$2.75

Blue Flannel Trunks . . pair, \$2.75

Boys' Worsted BATHING SUITS

One and two-piece models,

\$2.50 \$3.75

Children's Wool Bathing Suits, \$1.75 & 2.50

Department located near 6th Ave. Entrance—MAIN FLOOR.

DECISION ON FATE OF BONUS MONDAY

Continued from First Page.

permit the members to explain and uphold the policies of the Administration. Other Senators who have talked with the President recently do not hesitate to say that his quiet courage in opposing the bonus, "for which he was praised by Dean West of Princeton last week," will be consistently applied to the situation.

As they represented his position to-day, it is that the President does not desire to instruct Congress as to its legislative duties; nor has he done so in a single instance. But they express confidence that before the bonus muddle is cleared up he will frankly respond to requests that are certain to be made by Senators still holding a neutral position by communicating his complete views and conclusions.

The bonus Senators already are anticipating some sort of a move on the part of the President. They are apprehensive that he will reply to a request for his present views on the bonus by either coming before the Senate or sending a letter to be read to that body.

Beals of Objections.

The consensus of Senatorial opinion, regardless of division over the bonus, is that the President will reiterate the statements he made in his letter to Mr. Fordney suggesting adoption of a sales tax to finance the bonus or the further postponement of legislation relating to it.

They naturally expect that he will set forth his objections to passage of a bonus bill at this time to be because (1) the McCumber proposal does not provide a source of revenue to finance it; (2) the inability of the Government to raise the money without imposing stupendous taxes on the people of the country; and (3) the certain resentment of the people if further tax burdens are imposed.

Senator Lodge, who will support the opinion of the President that the tariff bill should be kept before the Senate until acted on, has not entirely abandoned hope that an agreement may yet be negotiated with Chairman McCumber which will solve the problem that promises to disrupt the Republican majority and perhaps affect his own leadership.

The defiant attitude assumed by Senator McCumber this afternoon apparently precludes an amicable solution. Mr. McCumber wants the bonus bill acted on immediately because of his belief that it will help him win the renomination in North Dakota on June 28. It was apparent from his statement that he still hopes to induce the Republican as well as Democratic Senators opposed to the bonus to limit debate on his bill.

One Objection Sufficient.

Where he gets this notion is puzzling to the opposing Senators. A number of them declared they would not only refuse to enter into such an agreement but would talk against a motion to advance the bonus ahead of the tariff so long as their breath holds out.

The only way the bonus can be shoved to the head of the calendar is through the motion that Mr. McCumber says he will make early next week. It scarcely is likely that he will repeat his request for unanimous consent to take up the bonus bill because one objection will stop it. Senator John Sharp Williams (Miss., Dem.) prevented the bonus bill from being even reported for nine hours last week.

Sensors opposed to the bonus, who exceed thirty in number on both sides, are preparing to meet any move that Mr. McCumber contemplates. Consequently a gesture by him in the direction of advancing the bonus will let loose a flood of unfriendly oratory which will delay consideration of the tariff so long as Mr. McCumber persists in demanding a showdown.

Meantime the majority of Democratic Senators are figuratively sitting

Gen. Mortimer D. Bryant Denounces Bonus Bill

RIG-GEN. MORTIMER D. BRYANT, commanding officer of the Fifty-first Cavalry Brigade, U. S. A., and a member of the American Legion, told members of the Rotary Club of Brooklyn at luncheon yesterday that he was unalterably opposed to any form of bonus for able-bodied ex-service men. His statement was followed by instant and general applause.

"I want to voice my opposition to the manner in which the American Legion has sought to dictate to the President and to the country at large as to what to do on this question. The legion membership is declared to be about 800,000, but I believe that 500,000 would be more accurate. The legion, therefore, represents less than 15 per cent. of all service men. The legion is trying to force the bonus question, but the great mass of ex-service men have not been heard from on the question."

on the fence watching the Republican scrimmage and seeking an opening to aggravate the confusion in the situation. If Mr. McCumber does not go through with his plan of moving to set aside the tariff after the Republican conference on Monday several Democratic Senators will enter the fray and attempt to take the credit for working to advance it away from him and other bonus Senators.

Such a feint would militate against the chances of Mr. McCumber receiving the soldier support in the North Dakota primaries. He seems to think the favor of the ex-service men there is vitally necessary to his chances for renomination. Reports from North Dakota indicate that he will need a great deal more help than all the bonus advocates among the ex-service men can deliver.

The bonus broke out in one or two spots in the debate on the naval appropriations bill to-day. Senator King (Dem., Utah) declared that if the bonus bill should become a law the cost of running the Government for the ensuing year would be nearer \$7,000,000,000 than \$4,000,000,000.

"And," said the Utah Senator, "this will have to be raised by imposing further taxes on the people."

In reply to a letter from Senator Smoot, Secretary Mellon estimated that the McCumber bonus bill would compel the Government to provide an office building of 79,000 square feet and the employment of 1,200 additional clerks for administration purposes.

BOLO PASHA'S ENTIRE ESTATE CONFISCATED

Demand of Two Widows for
Share of Fortune Refused.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
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New York Herald Bureau, London, June 15.—

The final chapter was written in the notorious espionage case of Bolo Pasha this afternoon when a French court decided that the entire fortune of the traitor should be confiscated by the state, refusing the demands of Bolo's two widows for the division of several million francs the origin of which could not be traced. Under the French law confiscation of all money received by treachery is automatic.

The Bolo estate is estimated at 22,000,000 francs, but no less than 12,000,000 are known to have come directly from transactions with the enemy. The judges decided, however, in view of the fact that Bolo was poor when he commenced his career of espionage, that even if his speculations on the Bourse returned handsome profits the original funds must have come from Germany and therefore were within the scope of the confiscation law.

DRIVER'S "ERROR" KILLED SIX.
ATLANTIC CITY, June 15.—The Coroner's inquest at the city hall at Absecon to-day, in the case of the automobile accident at the new road crossing of the Pennsylvania Railroad last Saturday, in which John H. Stratton, his wife and four children were killed, found that the accident was due to "error of judgment on the part of the driver of the automobile." Stratton was the driver. The jury recommended that the crossing be protected at once by a watchman.

ADVERTISING CLUBS ELECT L. E. HOLLAND

Convention at Closing Session
Indorses London as 1924
Meeting Place.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
MILWAUKEE, June 15.—The convention of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World in the final business session to-day elected Lewis E. Holland of Kansas City president over Bennet Chappell of the American Rolling Mills Company of Middletown, Ohio, who was sprung as a compromise candidate after the withdrawal of President Charles Mackintosh from the race. The vote was 985 to 550, but on motion of Homer Buckley, another dark horse candidate, who had made an eleventh hour withdrawal, the vote was made unanimous. The motion was seconded by Mr. Chappell.

New York voters on the convention floor, ninety-four strong, voted for Holland. It was this delegation's action in opposing Mackintosh yesterday that caused the latter's withdrawal for reelection.

Resolutions indorsing London as the 1924 convention city and urging delegates to the Atlantic City meeting next year to make it their selection were adopted this afternoon at the closing session of the Milwaukee meeting. The resolution carried with it the provision that Sir Charles Higham, England's representative to the convention, be named president that year.

In supporting the resolution the New York Ad Club pledged itself to send at least 100 delegates to London.

President Mackintosh, just before the vote was taken, read a cablegram from Lord Northcliffe, in which the British publisher declared he would "be delighted" to entertain the ad men in 1924.

FORDHAM GRADUATES CLASS OF 419 SENIORS

Archbishop Hayes Presides at
Inspiring Exercises.

Archbishop Hayes, who presided over the seventy-seventh annual commencement exercises at Fordham University yesterday afternoon, told the graduates that they could not succeed in life without religious inspiration born of service to one's fellow man. "That service is more important to America to-day than all learning," he declared. "It is inspired by the highest and noblest ideals."

Alfred W. McCann of the *Globe*, who delivered the baccalaureate address, declared that the world is now being bombarded by the forces of paganism.

The class was the largest since the war, 419 seniors getting degrees, 200 being law students. There were ninety women graduates. Eight honorary degrees were conferred.

Besides Mr. McCann honorary degrees of doctor of laws were conferred on Nelson O'Shaughnessy, Thomas E. Murray, George H. Fearons, the Rev. Joseph J. Zimmer of Raritan, Alvin J. Cameron, Michael F. Dooley and William H. Hurst, Sr.

The exercises were held under the shady trees on the college green. A white pillared stage of Grecian design decorated with American and papal flags formed a fitting background. The Rev. Edward P. Tivnan, president of Fordham, in a short address scored "selfishness and greedy commercialism."

Guarantee vs. Near-Guarantee in Mortgage Investments: Which Should Be Required?

The public is waking-up to the fact that real estate mortgages are a most desirable and profitable investment when payment of principal and interest is adequately guaranteed.

This has brought all sorts of competitors into the field offering mortgages to investors with numerous substitutes for the guarantee of payment. Some avoid giving an outright guarantee by laying emphasis on the people, the strength, and the reputation of the organization selling the mortgage. They have various vague but unconvincing reasons for not actually guaranteeing their mortgages.

There is no satisfactory substitute for an absolute and adequate guarantee of payment. The guarantee is the best evidence that the mortgage is good.

This Company's guarantee fund is the largest in the business and its thirty years' record for care in the selection of its mortgages makes its guaranteed mortgages the first choice of every careful investor. The Title Guarantee and Trust Company always has for sale mortgages so guaranteed.

Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Company
Capital and Surplus \$12,000,000
176 Broadway, New York. 175 Remsen Street, Brooklyn. 350 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

Store Open All Day on Saturday during June

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

Clearance Sale Today

Misses' Capes or Coats

Changed to 25.00

Yesterday's Prices \$45.00 to \$79.50

All the smart models, colors and materials—including some silk wraps.

NO EXCHANGES NO CREDITS

MISSSES' COAT SHOP—Second Floor

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